

A Semantic Web Application for the Air Tasking Order (ATO)

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Agenda



- **Semantic Web Technologies**
 - **Limitations with current WWW**
 - **Semantic Web Vision**
 - **Web Ontology Languages (OWL, RDF, RDFS SWRL)**
 - **Semantic Web Services**
- **Our Air Tasking Order Time Sensitive Target Application**
 - **ATO Ontology**
 - **Demo**



Limitations of the WWW



limitations of the WWW and technologies:

- HTML mixes content with presentation**
 - Primarily display and it is human updated**
 - Poor for dynamic content (databases)**
- Keyword search – great but information overload**
 - Search engines locate information, we search**
- XML eXtensible Markup Language – tree based**



- XML approach is to “wrap” each data item in start/end tags

<Aircraft>

<wingspan> 14.8 meters </wingspan>

<cruise-speed> 70 knots </cruise-speed>

<description> UAV </description>

</Aircraft>

- Limited machine processing: knows it’s an aircraft but, doesn’t know the meaning of aircraft
- Semantic Web languages are based on XML



The Semantic Web Vision



- **Semantic Web: “The first step is putting data on the Web in a form that machines can naturally understand, or converting it to that form. This creates what I call a Semantic Web and web of data that can be processed directly or indirectly by machines.” Sir Tim Berners-Lee**
- **Semantics – is the meaning of words or symbols**
- **Two parts of Vision:**
 - 1. Make the web a collaborative medium**
 - 2. Machine understandable or processable**
- **Potential: Query, Electronic Commerce/Business, Scheduling, Biotechnology**



Semantic Web Languages



OWL - Web Ontology Language

RDF, RDFS - Resource Description Framework (Schema)

SWRL –Semantic Web Rule Language

- A standard way for understanding the semantics (meaning)
- Enables applications (computers) to use the data

subClassOf: states one class is a subset of another class of items. Example: Fighter is a ***subClassOf*** CombatAircraft.

properties: properties are relations between classes, individuals and data Example: Mission1 ***hasAircraft*** B52H-1

equivalentClass: one class is equivalent to another class. Example: Platform is an ***equivalentClass*** to Aircraft.

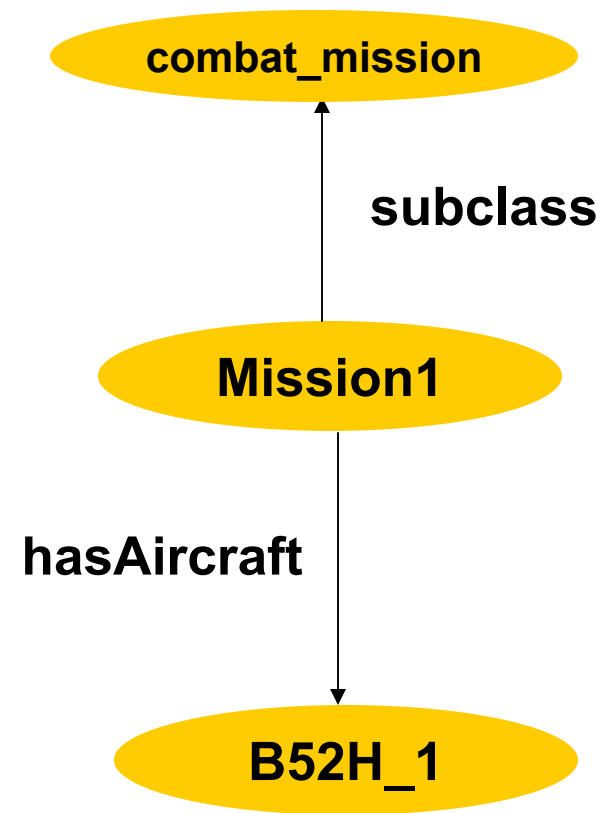


Semantic Web Languages



- **Web Ontology Language – OWL (W3C Recommendation) - son of DAML**
- **OWL Lite, DL (Description Logic), Full**
- **Adds property restrictions, logic, rules and expressiveness for the Semantic Web**

```
<owl:Class rdf:ID="Mission1">
  <rdfs:subClassOf>
    <owl:Restriction>
      <owl:someValuesFrom>
        <owl:Class rdf:ID="B52H_1"/>
      </owl:someValuesFrom>
    <owl:onProperty>
      <owl:ObjectPropertyrdf:
        about="#has_aircraft"/>
      </owl:onProperty>
    </owl:Restriction>
  </rdfs:subClassOf>
  <rdfs:subClassOf>
    <owl:Class rdf:about="#combat_mission"/>
  </rdfs:subClassOf>
</owl:Class>
```





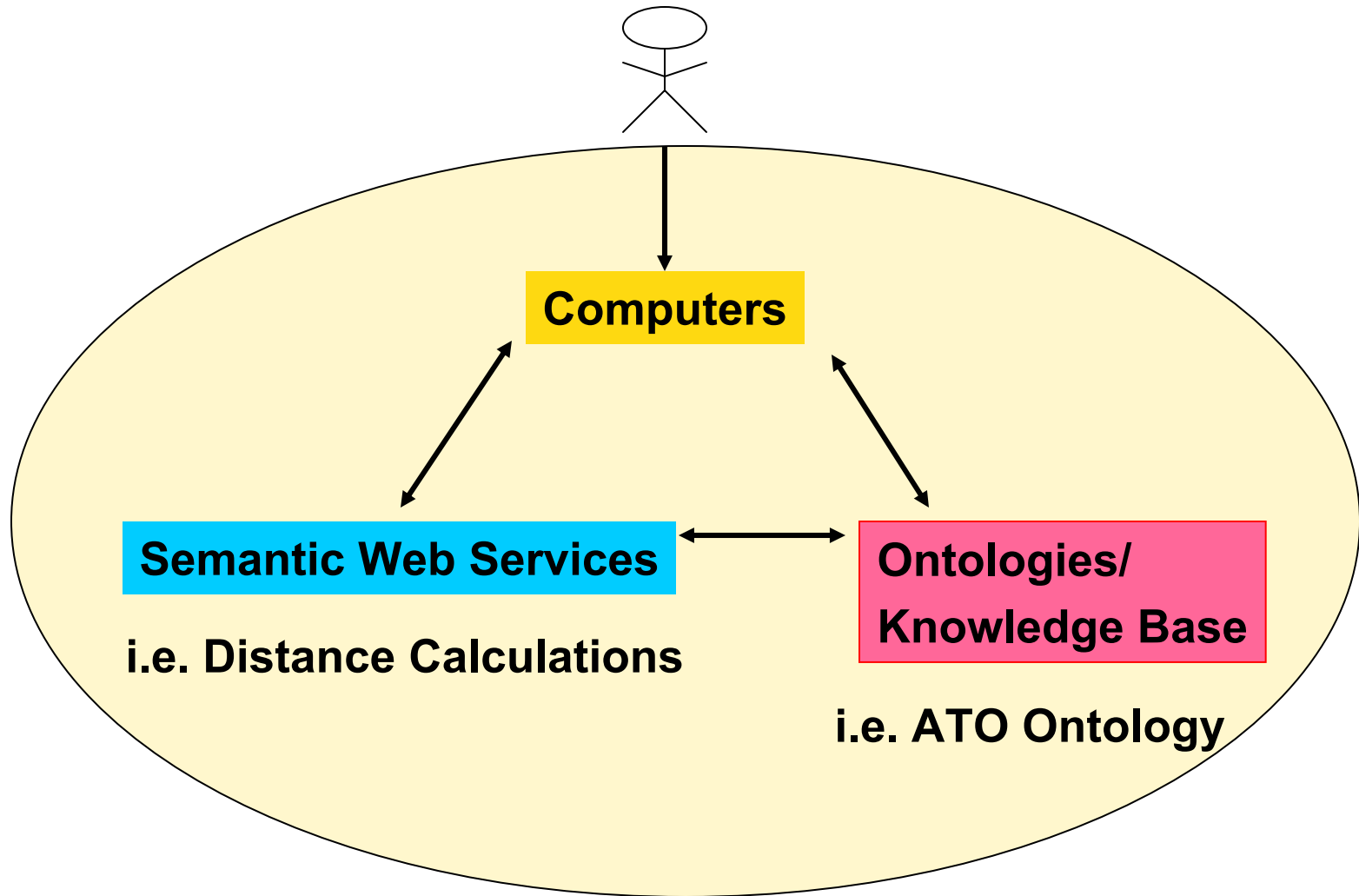
Semantic Web Services



- **“Web services are software applications that can be discovered, described, and accessed based on XML and standard Web protocols over intranets, extranets and the internet”** “The Semantic Web”, Michael C. Daconta, Leo J. Orbst and Kevin T. Smith
- **Semantic web services are web services that can accessed and understood by computers.**
- **Based on the OWL-S (Web ontology language for Semantic Web services).**



Semantic Web illustration

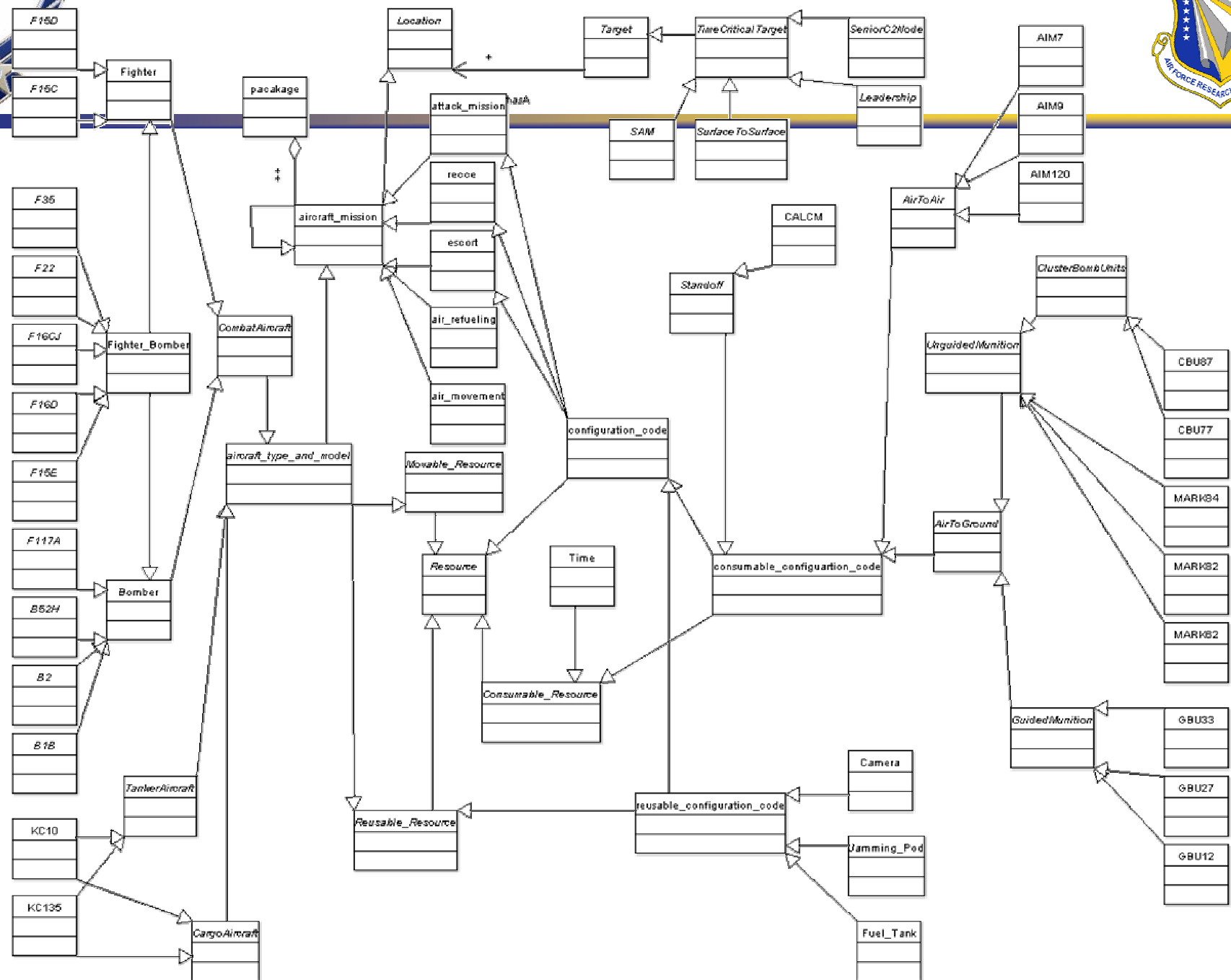




ATO Ontology Time Sensitive Targeting Demo

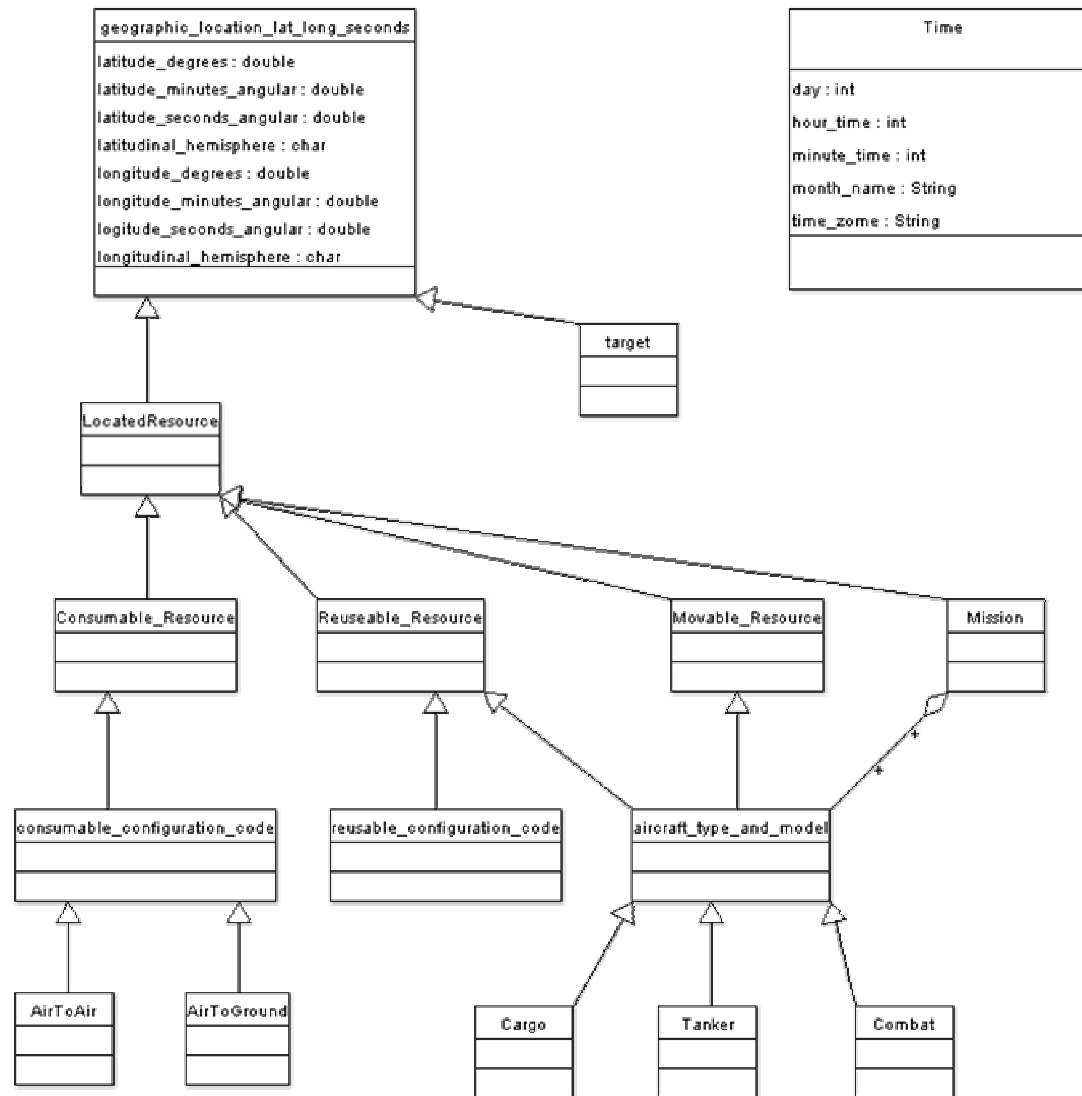


- **ATO – document that assigns aircraft to tasks**
- **Show UML design – used ArgoUML**
- **Show ontology – built with Protégé (Stanford Univ.)**
- **Show example rules**
- **Show reasoning – used RACER**



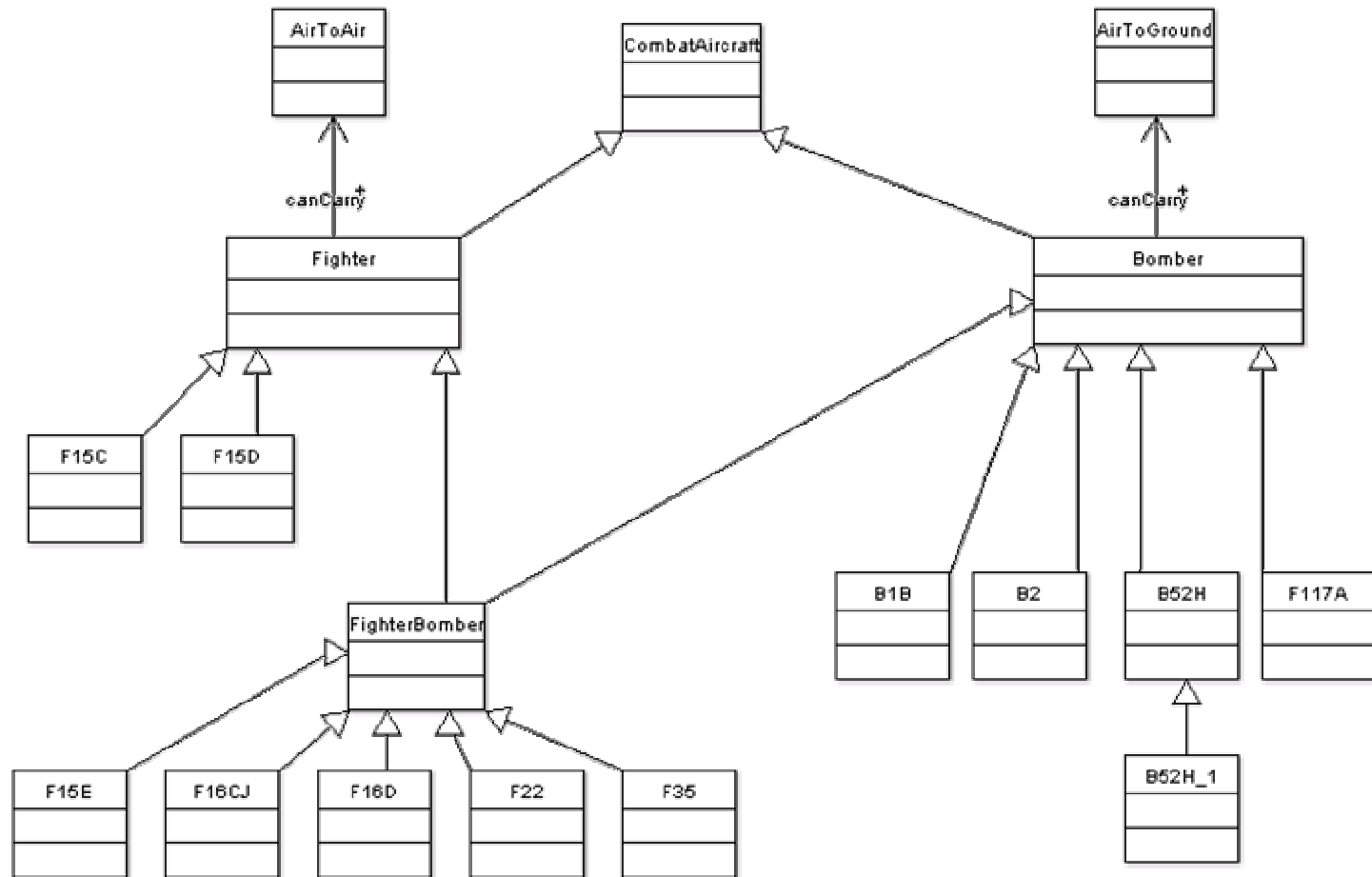


Top of ATO Ontology





Combat Aircraft Ontology





Air Tasking Order (ATO) Application

Time Sensitive Targeting



- **The knowledge base has three time sensitive targets**
 - SA20 near a mosque
 - SA20 not a mosque
 - Command Post
- **Several Combat Missions**
- **Java application calculates if mission can reach target based on speed distance and time window.**
- **Reasoning rule states to divert a mission it must have aircraft, with the right weapons, to hit the target and not damage the mosque within critical time**



Aircraft Ontology in Protégé



AircraftOnt Protégé 3.0 (file:\C:\Documents%20and%20Settings\frantza\Desktop\DistibOntologies\AircraftOnt.pprj, OWL Files (.owl or .rdf))

File Edit Project OWL Wizards Code Window Help

protégé

OWLClasses Properties Forms Individuals Metadata

SUBCLASS RELATIONSHIP For Project: AircraftOnt

CLASS EDITOR For Class: H60 (instance of owl:Class)

Asserted Hierarchy

- owl:Thing
 - Aircraft
 - CargoAircraft
 - C5
 - KC10
 - KC135
 - MH47
 - CombatAircraft
 - Bomber
 - B2
 - B52H
 - F117A
 - Fighter
 - F15C
 - F15D
 - FighterBomber
 - Helicopters
 - H60**
 - AH64
 - TankerAircraft
 - KC10
 - KC135

Annotations

Property	Value	Lang
----------	-------	------

Asserted **Inferred**

Asserted Conditions

NECESSARY & SUFFICIENT
NECESSARY

Helicopters

Properties

Disjoints

Logic View Properties View



A Constraint Violation



ATO Protégé 3.0 (file:\C:\Documents%20and%20Settings\frantza\Desktop\DistribOntologies\ATO.pprj, OWL Files (.owl or .rdf...)

File Edit Project OWL Wizards Code Window Help

OWLClasses Properties Forms Individuals Metadata

SUBCLASS RELATIONSHIP For Project: ATO

Asserted H

- p1:Standard
- p2:Aircraft
 - p2:CargoAircraft
 - p2:CombatAircraft
 - p2:Bomber
 - p2:Fighter

CLASS EDITOR For Class: F15C_1Class (instance of owl:Class)

Asserted Inferred

Asserted Conditions

	NECESSARY & SUFFICIENT
	NECESSARY
p2:F15C	E
3 aircraftCanCarryConfig p1:GBU12	E
	INHERITED

Logic View Properties View

Class	Changed superclasses
F15C_1Class	Inconsistent

Test Results Classification Results



Protégé Rules



CommandPostkiller (instance of owl:Class)

CLASS EDITOR

For Class: CommandPostkiller (instance of owl:Class)

Name \ SameAs \ DifferentFrom \

CommandPostkiller

rdfs:comment

Annotations

Property	Value	Lang
----------	-------	------

Asserted \ Inferred \

Asserted Conditions

NECESSARY & SUFFICIENT

NECESSARY

INHERITED

[from combat_mission]

mission_has_aircraft_type (3 aircraft_carrying_configuration (3 configuration_destroys_target (3 targetNotNearProhibitedTarget Mosque_1Class)))

combat_mission

mission_has_aircraft_type CombatAircraft

Logic View Properties View

Class	Changed superclasses
AMissionClass	Moved from combat_mission to SA20_1Killer, CommandPostkiller
BeyerleMissionClass	Moved from combat_mission to SA20_1Killer, CommandPostkiller
F15C_2Class	Inconsistent
MilvioMissionClass	Moved from combat_mission to SA20_1Killer, CommandPostkiller

Classification Results

start Protege.exe ATOntology8 Protégé... CommandPostkiller (i... Shortcut to racer.exe 9:08 AM



Potential Future Work



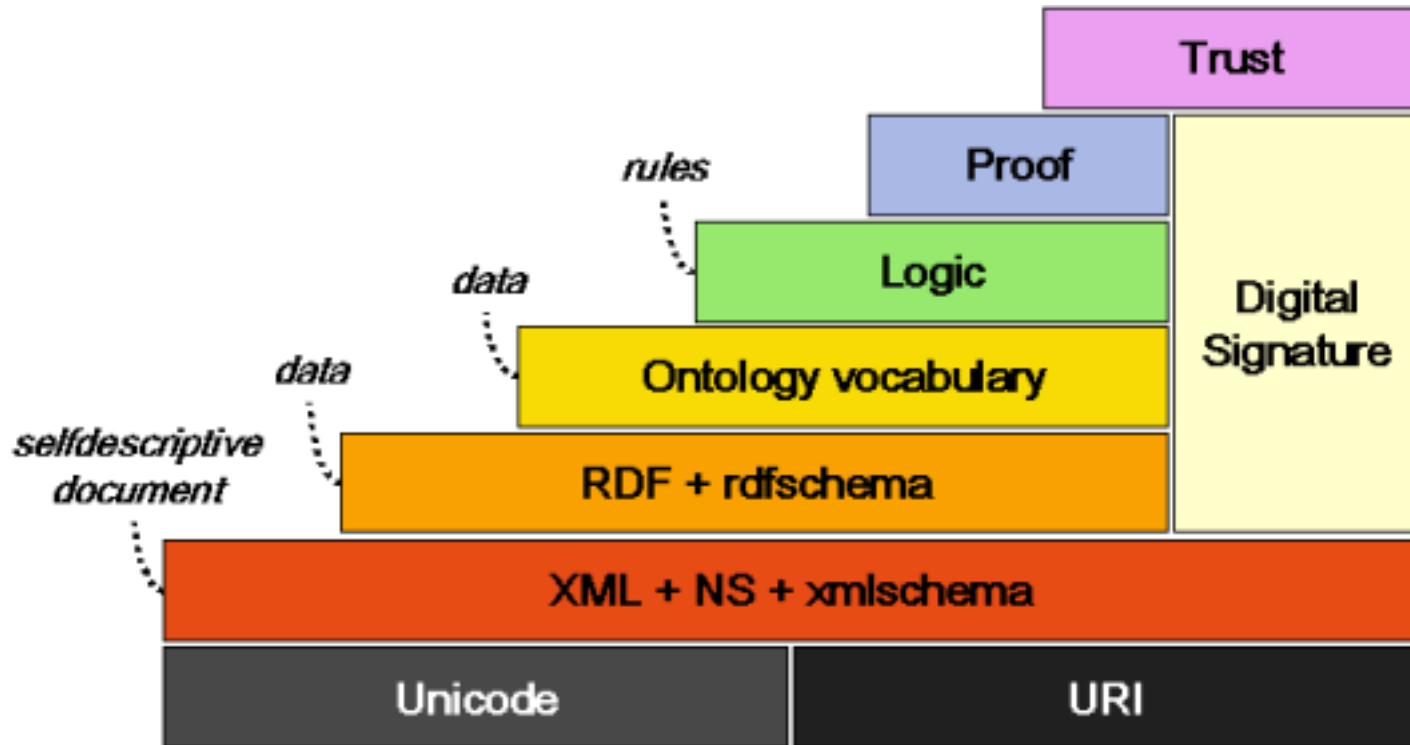
- **Bring Prof. Selman back on through Intelligent Information Systems Institute**
- **Interface to Operational Net Assessment Ontology**
 - **Merge ontologies – collaborative**
 - **Map interface – show effects of diverting missions**
- **Make Java reachability application a semantic web service**
- **Demonstrate Resource Allocation**
 - **Use SWRL (Semantic Web Rule Language)**
 - **Time and numeric reasoning**
- **Interim/Final Tech. Report (currently 32 pages)**



- **Backup Slides**



Semantic Web Technology Layers





Semantic Web Languages

RDF –Resource Description Framework



- Resource Description Framework Language: RDF
- Triple: Subject – Predicate - Object

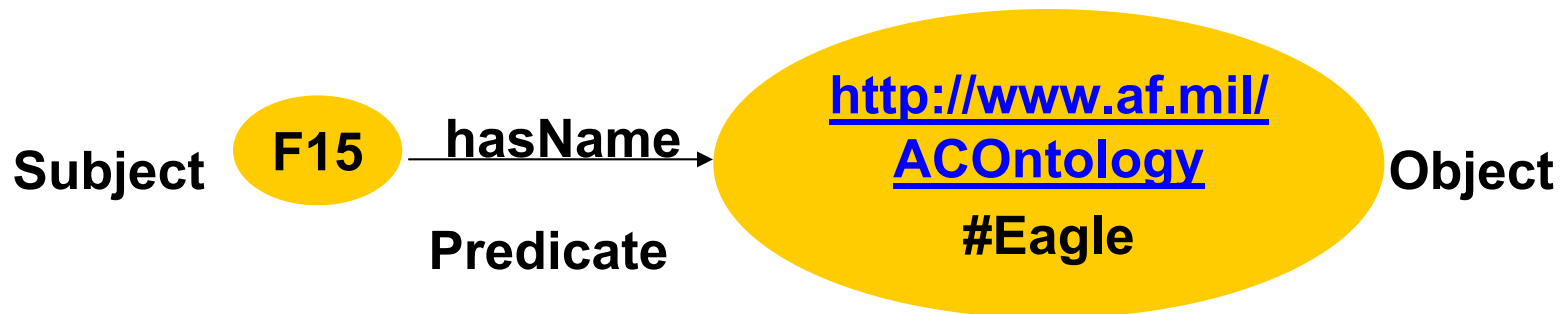
<rdf:Description rdf:ID="F15">

<hasName>

rdf:resource= "http://www.af.mil/ACOntology#Eagle"

</hasName>

</rdf:Description>





Semantic Web Languages

RDFS



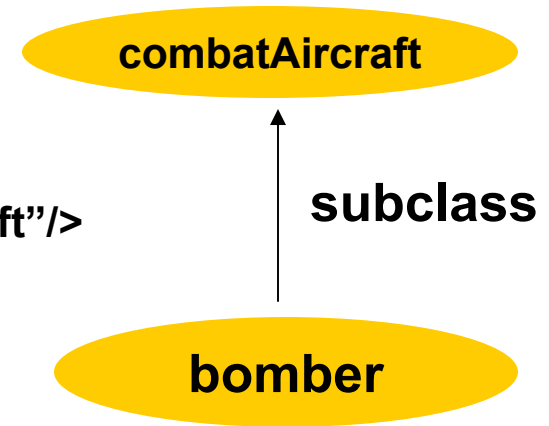
- **Resource Description Framework Schema – RDFS adds classes and properties**

- **Classes**

```
<rdf:Class rdf:about="bomber">
```

```
  <rdf:subClassOf rdf:resource="combatAircraft"/>
```

```
</rdf:Class>
```



- **Properties**

```
<rdf:Property rdf:ID="aircraftCanCarryConfiguration">
```

```
  <rdf:domain rdf:resource="#aircraft"/>
```

```
  <rdf:range rdf:resource="#weapon" />
```

```
</rdf:Property>
```





Computational Issues



- **Complexity:** time and space complexity
- **Decidability:** a decidable problem has an algorithm that can solve the problem. May not be decidable in time t or space s .
- **Completeness:** algorithm is guaranteed to find a solution when there is one. (not complete algorithms may return some or none of answers)
- **Expressiveness:** as logic becomes more expressive in representing concepts computational complexity will typically go up.



Air Tasking Order (ATO) Application

Time Sensitive Targeting



- **Used US Message Text Format (USMTF) ATO message for ontology design in Unified Modeling Language (UML) -ArgoUML**
- **Design verified by John Beyerle, C3I Associates.**
- **Used Protégé to build the ontology and knowledge base. www.protege.stanford.edu**
- **Used RACER reasoner**
- **Used Protégé Java API to interface distance calculations to the ontology.**



OWL-S



- **Web Ontology Language for Semantic Web Services.**
- **Computer-interpretable description of a service.**
- **Supports automatic web service discovery, invocation, composition and interoperation and execution monitoring.**
- **Three parts:**
 1. **Service profile**: declarative advertisements of service properties for capabilities and discovering services.
 2. **Process model**: detailed API description of a services operation. How to call service, execute it and what it returns.
 3. **Grounding**: details of how to interoperate with the service, via messages.
- **Also developing a Resource ontology: allocation types, capacity types, resource composition**



- **Profile**: serviceName, textDescription, contactInformation, hasParameter, hasInput, hasOutput, hasPrecondition, hasEffect, serviceParameters, serviceCategory (category name, taxonomy, value, code)
- **Process Model**: atomicProcess, simpleProcess, compositeProcess, sequence, split, split+join, unordered, choice, if-then-else, iterate, repeatUntil
- **Grounding**: required messages in Web Service Description Language (WSDL)



Semantic Web Rule Language

SWRL



- **Extends on OWL-Lite and OWL-DL.**
- **Unary/Binary Datalog RuleML sublanguages of Rule Markup Language.**
- **Includes high-level abstract syntax for Horn-like rules.**
- **Currently in W3C proposal stage.**
- **If antecedent (body) conditions are true, then consequent (head) conditions must be true.**
- **hasParent(?x1, ?x2) and hasBrother(?x2, ?x3) =>
hasUncle(?x1, ?x3)**



SWRL Example



```
<ruleml:imp>
  <ruleml:_body>
    <swrlx:individualPropertyAtom swrlx:property="hasParent">
      <ruleml:var>x1</ruleml:var>
      <ruleml:var>x2</ruleml:var>
    </ swrlx:individualPropertyAtom>
    <swrlx:individualPropertyAtom swrlx:property="hasBrother">
      <ruleml:var>x2</ruleml:var>
      <ruleml:var>x3</ruleml:var>
    </ swrlx:individualPropertyAtom>
  </ruleml:body>
  <ruleml:head>
    <swrlx:individualPropertyAtom swrlx:property="hasUncle">
      <ruleml:var>x1</ruleml:var>
      <ruleml:var>x3</ruleml:var>
    </ swrlx:individualPropertyAtom>
  </ruleml:head>
</ruleml:imp>
```